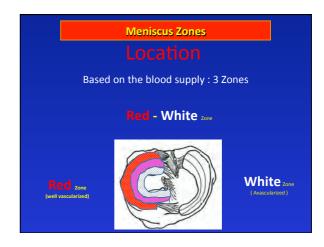


Meniscus tears are classified according to:

* Location
* Integrity and damage to meniscal tissue
* Type of tear



Integrity and damage to meniscal tissue

- Single meniscal tears
occur in a single plane, regardless of location
most commonlyfound in the posterior horn are
usually reparable

- Complex meniscal tears
occur in more than one
plane or direction.
Mostly not reparable

(a) longitudinal or circumferential tears,
(b) horizontal tears,
(c) oblique tears,
(d) radial tears,
(e) variations, which include:
- flap tears,
- complex tears,
- degenerative meniscal tears.











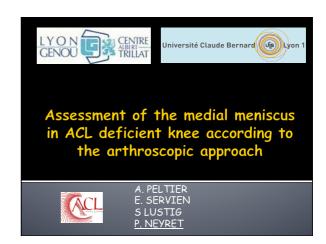




Complex Tear

- contain elements of all of the above types of tears
- more common in chronic meniscal lesions or in older degenerative menisci.
- generally caused by chronic, long standing, altered mechanics of the abnormal meniscus.







PROSPECTIVE STUDY - 41 patients (Nov. 2012 to May 2013) - At time of ACL reconstruction - Three approaches - Antero lateral - Inter condylar - Postero medial 30° arthroscope

